



FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 4, 1893.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.

Official changes are announced in the Treasury Department to-day as follows: Appointed—Gilbert B. Nelson, New York; and Andrew H. Pritchard, New Jersey, assistant inspectors of boilers, New York; Philip Smith, Massachusetts, assistant custodian of U. S. postoffice and sub-treasury building, Boston, Mass. Resigned—Geo. Patterson, Chinese inspector; L. E. Tension, assistant custodian of U. S. postoffice and sub-treasury building, Boston, Mass. Removed—J. F. O'Neill and John H. Butler, assistant inspectors of boilers, New York. F. M. Windship, Chinese inspector.

The State Department is investigating a charge made by Mr. Fitzgerald, the U. S. consular agent at Bogota, Colombia, that he was treated with indignity by a judge at his station for refusing to authenticate the judge's signature unless it was made in his presence. Investigation was not commenced until Mr. Fitzgerald was not arrested, but merely summoned before the judge for an explanation, and the matter will probably be allowed to drop.

The Pension Commissioner in reply to a request of certain newspaper correspondents that he restore the old custom of making public the names of those to whom pensions are daily issued, says he will give the matter early consideration.

The only Virginia member of the House yet here is Mr. Swanson, but all the others are expected in time to attend the democratic caucus to-morrow night. Many members from all the other States have arrived, and, as all of them call upon Mr. Crisp, the lobby of the Metropolitan Hotel is crowded all the time. Talks with a number make the impression that they will do just exactly as the President may desire them to do, not only on the silver, but on all other questions, and that Mr. Cleveland holds them in the hollow of his hand. Many of them even say they will not express themselves in respect of silver until they shall have read his message. Then, too, many of them are trying to find out the strongest men for the elective offices of the House, in order to declare for them, and thus have claims for a share of the patronage. But in politics, as in every thing else now, every body is for himself first and the country afterwards. Mr. Crisp says he has not yet determined upon the chairmanship of a single committee, and may not announce the composition of the committees until week after next.

The financial news from New York received here up to 2 o'clock this afternoon was as follows: Money on call 6 per cent, and stocks stronger; no sales of silver, last bid being 71. The National German American Bank of St. Paul, Minn., capital \$2,000,000; the First National Bank of Hammond, Ind., capital \$500,000; the Citizens' National Bank of Muncie, Ind., capital \$200,000, and the Texas National Bank of San Antonio closed their doors to business this morning. Much difficulty is experienced in getting checks cashed in New York banks, especially if the cash is to be locked up at home. Western grain dealers have telegraphed their eastern agents to sell at half a cent a bushel cheaper to buyers who will forward cash by express, rather than send checks on banks.

It has just leaked out that deputy commissioner Bell of the Pension Bureau up to four days after the recent order was issued placing able-bodied men out of the pension pale was issued, drew a disability pension of \$12 a month for "loss of teeth and indigestion." At the date named he resigned his pension. People from Alexandria county, Virginia, here-to-day, say that the democrats of Washington district, in that county, yesterday elected Mr. Charles Thompson a delegate to the State convention, of the Arlington district, Mr. J. E. Clements, and those of Jefferson, they suppose, Mr. Frank Hume. The last two are known to be anti-O'Ferrall men.

The application of E. J. Parker of Roanoke, Va., for a place as special agent of the Treasury Department, was filed at that Department to-day.

Among the callers at the Treasury Department to-day was the famous Congressman Cannon of Illinois, "the man with the mouth." He was there looking over the papers upon which a man from his district had been removed. He was defeated in 1890, but was re-elected last fall.

It is reported that though the fact is conceded by most of the democratic members of the House that Mr. Holman would not be the right man in the right place as chairman of the appropriations committee, nor Mr. Springer, as chairman of the ways and means committee, they will probably be retained, lest a cry be raised in the North that the "rebels" have charge of the business of the country.

The total number of fourth class postmasters appointed to-day was 113, of whom 77 will fill the places of removed republicans. There were no changes in Virginia.

It is said at the State Department to-day that the award of the Bering Sea arbitration is not expected for at least two weeks.

The recently deposed chief of letter carriers at Binghampton, N. Y., is here. He made charges against the postmaster at Binghampton and asked to be reinstated. He was told that nothing would be done unless he established a prima facie case.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, arrived here last night. Mr. Edmund Burke left here this morning for Richmond to present an application to Judge Fauntleroy, of the Court of Appeals, for a writ of error in the Phillips murder case at Alexandria.

Mr. Frank Hume of Alexandria county, Va., whose business is in this city, is confined to his home by painful, but not dangerous indisposition.

From Costa Rica.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—Advices from San Jose de Costa Rica, Central America, report a disastrous state of affairs there. Throughout the republic there is a financial panic caused by the condition of the silver market. Failures have been numerous, and more are expected. Yellow fever is reported to be raging at Port Limon on the Atlantic side and with such fatal effect that half the population have fallen victims to the dread disease.

The Sheriff of St. Charles, Mo., has sworn in twenty-five deputies to assist in protecting the negro John Diekmann, who a few days ago eloped with a white girl and was captured. The streets are filled with people and the negro will probably be lynched.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The cholera is said to be epidemic in

Marselles.

The President will leave Buzzards'

Bay this evening for Washington.

Mr. Robt. Jamison, a well-known

Baltimore merchant, died yesterday.

A grenade exploded on the German

ironclad steamer Baden at Kiel yester-

day, killing seven seamen and wound-

ing seventeen others.

The commissioner of pensions will, in

the future, require evidence as to the

credibility of witnesses to affidavits re-

siding in cities of 20,000 or more in-

habitants.

Minister Blount's long-expected re-

port on Hawaiian affairs is in the pos-

session of the Secretary of State. Mr.

Blount is expected in Washington about

August 20.

Mrs. William D. Coleman, a well-

known lady, who was the mother of

nineteen children, died at her home in

Caswell county, N. C., yesterday.

Her husband and eleven children sur-

vive her.

White Caps dragged George C. Soby

from his bed in Hulmeville, Bucks

county, Pa., yesterday, and horse whip-

ped him severely for continually beat-

ing his wife, who worked hard to sup-

port the family, while he drank to ex-

cess.

It is reported that President Cleve-

land will appoint Thomas A. Benedict,

who occupied the position under the

last democratic administration, public

printer unless Mr. Benedict is reap-

pointed assistant Secretary of State of

New York.

At a meeting of London bankers held

in the Mansion House yesterday, Mr.

A. J. Balfour spoke in favor of an in-

ternational agreement fixing the ratio

of value between gold and silver. A

gold standard, he said, would not sat-

isfy commercial wants.

The house of Samuel Vanderberg, in

Ransom, Pa., was burned yesterday,

and an infant child perished in the

flames. Mrs. Vanderberg rescued two

of her children, aged four and six years,

but was unable to reach the baby and

was compelled to watch the flames

creep into the room and devour the

child.

Representative Springer, of Illinois,

favors the repeal of the silver-purchase

clause of the Sherman law. He thinks

the ways and means committee of the

next House of Representatives will re-

port one general tariff bill instead of a

series of specific bills. Representative

Bland, the champion of free coinage, is

emphatic in his declaration that the

unconditional repeal of the purchase

clause in the Sherman act cannot be

accomplished in either house of Con-

gress.

MAJOR TYLER'S STATEMENT.—The

following statement was issued last

night from Major Tyler's headquarters

in Radford:

We understand it is being reported

Major Tyler will withdraw, and that

his name will not be before the conven-

tion. In answer we will say to this last

dodge that Major Tyler will be before

the convention to the last, and that to

win. If he should go down it will be

in the last ditch, and with the democ-

ratic banner around him. He can

only be downed by the democratic par-

ty, not by brag and bluff.

Major Tyler has eight, if not eleven,

delegates in Rockingham, and sixteen

in Washington, instead of eight, as re-

ported in some of the papers. Two of

those claimed for Major Tyler may be

for Col. Buford.

To date Major Tyler has 388, Col.

O'Ferrall, 571; Col. Buford 64, and

doubtful 44. There are 575 delegates

yet to be elected. Col. O'Ferrall will

not have over 750 delegates on the first

ballot.

We protest against the methods be-

ing used to discourage Major Tyler's

friends.

H. C. PRESTON.

Secretary Tyler Home Club.

CATHOLIC NOTES.—At the request of

Bishop McDonnell, of Brooklyn, Vicar

General M. May, pastor of the Most

Holy Trinity Church, in Montross ave-

nue, has been made a monsignor by the

Pope.

It is stated that Vicar General Mc-

Namara, representative of Bishop Mc-

Donnell, in the latter's absence from

the Brooklyn diocese, has written a

letter authorizing Dr. Edward Mc-

Glynn to say mass for one month in St.

Finbars Church, Bath Beach. The pas-

tor of the church is Father Ward.

It is authoritatively stated in Wash-

ington that Mgr. Satolli has not as yet

rendered a decision in the case of Dr.

Bursell, of New York, and has not pos-

itively ordered Archbishop Corrigan to

restore him to his old parish. It is also

stated that the report that Mgr. Satolli

will go to Rome and lay the Bursell

matter before the Pope, with the rec-

ommendation that a coadjutor be ap-

pointed to "assist the archbishop of

New York in the management of so

large a diocese," as a punishment for

his action in the Bursell case, "is the

most absurd of all the absurd stories

that have been printed about this

case."

Fairfax Notes.

Mr. Geo. H. Terrett and wife, of St.

Paul, Minn., are visiting Mr. Terrett's

mother near Alexandria.

Mr. F. O. Staats, of Vienna, who was

injured in the recent railroad accident

in the West, has recovered sufficiently

to return to his home.

Marr Camp and ex-Confederates in-

terested with most in the court house

immediately after the court adjourns

Monday, August 21st, to consider the

proposition to hold a reunion.

Mr. E. W. Pierce has been appointed

special examiner in the bureau of pen-

sions, with headquarters at Toledo,

Ohio. The salary is about \$2,400 a

year, and he left on Tuesday for his

new field of labor.—Herald.

The Exodus of Colorado Miners.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 4.—Workmen from

the Colorado mines continue to pour

through Kansas, proving a heavy burden to the

Western farmers and a source of great annoyance

to the railroads. Trains that refuse to stop

are pelted with rocks and clubs. In some in-

stances the trains are accompanied through

Kansas by guards of soldiers to avoid any in-

terference with regular travel by these flying

hobos.

ENGLISH PHEASANTS.—The Rappahannock

Rod and Gun Club and Game Protective As-

sociation have received two male and four

female English pheasants. These birds will

be carefully bred and the young, when they

attain the proper size, turned out. They have

been found to multiply and increase very

rapidly and in the course of time this section

should be well stocked with them.—Fredericks-

burg Lance.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The State Dental Association meets

in Charlottesville next Thursday.

The Loudoun bush meeting near

Purcellville, which was well attended,

closed yesterday.

The Washington Memorial Associa-

tion for American boys at Fredericksburg

has completed its organization.

The First National Fire Insurance

Company of Fredericksburg, has been

chartered there, with a capital stock

of \$300,000.

Percy S. Armstrong, superintendent

of electric lights in Staunton, was killed

yesterday by the fall of a pole

which he was erecting.

Governor McKinney telegraphs from

Blue Ridge Springs that he is sick and

will not be able to be present at Chi-

cago on August 9, Virginia Day.

The democrats of King George county

elected yesterday the following dele-

gates to the State convention: S.

Wellford Corbin, E. L. Hunter, R. A.

Stuart, Alex. Pratt, Dr. B. O. Caruthers,

W. P. Billingsly. The delegation stands

five for O'Ferrall and one for Tyler.

King William elected 4 O'Ferrall and 3

Tyler delegates, and 7 from Sussex were

uninstructed.

The answer of the Rev. E. L. Wal-

drop to the bill of complaint for a di-

vorce has been filed in Charlottesville.

It is in answer to Nannie T. Waldrop,

his wife, who sues, by J. W. Christmas,

her father. The young preacher de-

nies that he ever committed the crime

charged, either in action or thought.

The charges of non-support and de-

sertion of his wife, the respondent says,

are "cruel, unjust and utterly false."

He has been in the ministry fourteen

years.

The Populist Convention.

The State convention of the populist

party which meet at Lynchburg yester-

day nominated the following ticket

without opposition:

For governor—E. R. Cooke, of Cum-

berland county.

For lieutenant governor—J. Brad-

Beverly, of Fauquier.

For attorney general—William F.

Gravelly, of Henry.

The following platform was adopted:

Section 1.—Finance.—We favor the

free and unlimited coinage of silver and

gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to

1; a national currency, safe, sound and

flexible; a full legal tender for all debts,

public and private, issued by the gen-

eral government only, based on its cred-

it and not on its indebtedness, in vol-

ume sufficient to maintain a healthy

condition of business, and distributed

directly among the people, when de-

manded on the security of their prop-

erty, at a reasonable rate of interest, un-

der such system as the wisdom of Con-

gress may devise. We are unalterably

opposed to State banks, or any other

than national currency, because of its

undesirability and because the con-

stitution of the United States conferred

the power to issue money on the gen-

eral government only, and this power

cannot be delegated.

Sec. 2.—Taxation.—In view of the

notorious fact that the wealth of the

country continues to aggregate in the

hands of the comparatively few indi-

viduals who manage to escape payment

of their just taxation, placing the bur-

den on those least able to bear it, we

demand a rigid listing of all stocks,

bonds and evidences of debt property,

subject to taxation at their true mar-

ket value, and the imposition, both by

national and State governments, of a

graduated income tax, with severe pen-

alties for the evasion of the law. Non-

resident corporations doing business in

the State should be taxed according